

Karbon CL4-F



Introduction

The Karbon CL4-F is a part of BitFlow's Karbon Family. The Karbon CL4-F was the world's first multi-camera link full camera PCI Express frame grabber. It can simultaneously acquire from two Full CL cameras. It is built on top of BitFlow's FlowThru technology, which provides zero latency access to data, super low CPU usage, and unlimited DMA destination size. The Karbon CL4-F is one of the latest members of BitFlow's Karbon family, with a platform that will host a wide variety of virtual frame grabbers. These virtual frame grabbers can be customized to meet your specific needs.

The Karbon CL4-F has been designed with two main applications in mind. First, in situations where more than one camera is needed, the Karbon CL4-F can reduce both the system cost and the hardware footprint by its ability to acquire from two cameras. Second, in situations where extremely high data rates and/or frame rates are required, the Karbon CL4-F has been designed to acquire up to 128 bits at 85 MHz pixel clock rate and DMA at data rates up to 2.0 GB/S.

Features

- Half-Size x8 PCI Express Board
- Up to 128 bits input at 85 MHz
- Acquire from two independent Medium/Full CL cameras
- Acquire from two 8-tap CL cameras

- FlowThru technology eliminates the need for on-board frame buffers, even with the fastest cameras
- Hardware Bayer matrix decoding (optional)
- Multi-tap cameras rasterized on the fly
- Highly configurable acquisition engine
- DMA at burst rates up to 2.0 GB/S
- Supports images up to 256K x 128K
- No frame rate limit
- Quadrature encoder support including sophisticated triggering schemes
- Encoder divider/multiplier
- On board timing generator supports highresolution exposure control
- Independent trigger and encoder inputs for each camera
- Independent CCs outputs for each camera
- General purpose I/O
- Appears to software as two independently programmable frame grabbers
- Supported by the BitFlow SDK on 32 and 64-bit Windows
- Acquire image sequences well beyond the 4 GB barrier
- Drivers, utilities and examples Windows XP/2003/Vista/Windows 7
- RoHS Complaint

Virtual Frame Grabber

One of the exciting new features of the Karbon CL4-F is the support for virtual frame grabbers. A virtual frame grabber, from the software and interface point of view, is identical to a normal frame grabber. The difference is that the Karbon architecture can support a wide variety of different virtual frame grabbers with no change in the hardware. This design can also support different numbers of frame grabbers on the same platform. The Karbon CL4-F can be configured as two full Camera Link frame grabbers. The software will see two completely independent frame grabbers. Further, the board become an

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interface for the completely non-standard device that you might be designing in your lab, just lets us know your requirements. Switching between the different virtual grabbers only requires a press of a button in our configuration tool. As the Karbon family expands, you'll see more new and exciting uses of this virtual frame grabber architecture.

FlowThru Architecture

For the last 10 years, BitFlow's camera interface have been built revolutionary FlowThru architecture. Comprised of a user-programmable Video Pipeline, a flexible Camera Control Unit, efficient high-speed video FIFOs and a highly-optimized scatter/gather DMA engine, the FlowThru architecture allows the Karbon-CL to control, acquire, reformat and transfer video data directly into the user's application at camera speeds with zero latency or CPU usage. Our FlowThru architecture has been continuously optimized and enhanced to support a wide variety of imaging applications such as document/package processing, semiconductor, continuous web inspection, sequence capture and motion analysis and can easily be adapted to the specific needs of your application.

PCI Express Interface

The Karbon CL4-F uses a x8 PCI Express bus interface. The PCI Express bus offers huge increases in DMA performance over the PCI bus. However, what is less well known is that the PCI Express bus is always peer to peer. This means the the Karbon CL4-F does not share the bus with any other devices. In most motherboard architectures, it will talk directly to the PCI chipset that is on the memory bus. This direct connection equates to higher sustained DMA bandwidths regardless of system load. Also, motherboards support concurrent full DMA speed on all of their PCI Express slots. The board will work in any slot that it fits in. This means not only x16 and x8 slots, but also, as is becoming the trend, x4 and x1 slots that use x16 connectors. Performance will be degraded in x1 and x4 slots, but the board will work fine in applications that don't require maximum data rate.

Camera Control and I/O

Supported by a GUI camera file editing utility (CamEd), the Karbon CL4-F can acquire fixed or variable size images and features a programmable ROI (Region Of Interest) sub-windowing capability. The board provides a full set of camera control signals (CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4) and sync inputs (LVAL, FVAL, PCLK, trigger and encoder) for each camera connected to the board. These signals are completely independent, although there are provision for driving all cameras from a signal set up encoder/trigger signals. There is also a large number of programmable general purpose outputs and inputs that are not tied to the camera's timing. The Karbon CL4-F board, as with our past interface products, supports not only simple triggering modes but also complicated, application-specific triggering and control interactions with your hardware environment.

